Exhibit 2

Volume 16

Pages 3066 - 3293

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Before The Honorable James Donato, Judge

IN RE GOOGLE PLAY STORE ANTITRUST LITIGATION,)) NO. 21-md-02981-JD
THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:)
EPIC GAMES, INC.,)
Plaintiff,)
VS.) NO. 3:20-cv-05671-JD
GOOGLE, LLC., et al.,)
Defendants.))

San Francisco, California Friday, December 1, 2023

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

STENOGRAPHICALLY REPORTED BY:

Kelly Shainline, CSR 13476, RPR, CRR Official United States Reporter

APPEARANCES:

For Plaintiff:

CRAVATH, SWAINE & MOORE LLP 825 Eighth Avenue New York, New York 10019

BY: GARY BORNSTEIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW
YONATAN EVEN, ATTORNEY AT LAW
LAUREN MOSKOWITZ, ATTORNEY AT LAW
MICHAEL ZAKEN, ATTORNEY AT LAW
BRENT BYARS, ATTORNEY AT LAW
ANDREW WIKTOR, ATTORNEY AT LAW
TIMOTHY G. CAMERON, ATTORNEY AT LAW

For Defendants:

MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 350 South Grand Avenue - 50th Floor Los Angeles, California 90071

BY: GLENN POMERANTZ, ATTORNEY AT LAW
JAMIE LUGURI, ATTORNEY AT LAW
KURUVILLA J. OLASA, ATTORNEY AT LAW
NICK R. SIDNEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW

MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 601 Massachusetts Avenue NW Suite 500 East Washington, DC 20001

BY: JONATHAN KRAVIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW LAUREN BELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP One Market - Spear Street Tower San Francisco, California 94105

BY: MICHELLE PARK CHIU, ATTORNEY AT LAW
LEIGHA BECKMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW
REBECCA L. SCIARRINO, ATTORNEY AT LAW
BRIAN ROCCA, ATTORNEY AT LAW

MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 560 Mission Street - 27th Floor San Francisco, California 94105

BY: JUSTIN P. RAPHAEL, ATTORNEY AT LAW
KYLE W. MACH, ATTORNEY AT LAW
DANE P. SHIKMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW

T N D E V

Friday, December 1, 2023 - Volume 16						
	<u> </u>	PAGE	VOL.			
Plaintiff Rests Defendant Rests		3213				
Charging Conference		3213 3214				
PLAINTIFF'S WITNESSES		<u>PAGE</u>	VOL.			
BERNHEIM, BERT DOUGLAS (IN REBUTTAL)		2175	1.0			
(SWORN) Direct Examination by Mr. Bornstein		3175 3176				
Cross-Examination by Mr. Bornstein		3176				
Redirect Examination by Mr. Bornstein		3211				
DEFENDANT'S WITNESSES		PAGE	VOL.			
OLIVER, CARSON						
(SWORN)		3070	16			
Direct Examination by Ms. Bell		3071				
Cross-Examination by Mr. Cameron		3093				
Redirect Examination by Ms. Bell		3108	16			
GELBER, RANDY		2110	1.0			
By Video Deposition		3110	16			
LEONARD, GREGORY						
(SWORN)		3110	16			
Direct Examination by Ms. Beckman		3111	16			
Cross-Examination by Mr. Zaken		3116	16			
BURAK, ASI						
By Video Deposition		3117	16			
BEATY, ROBERT						
By Video Deposition		3118	16			
LOEW, MRINALINI						
(SWORN)		3119	16			
Direct Examination by Ms. Bell		3119	16			
Cross-Examination by Mr. Cameron		3150	16			
Redirect Examination by Ms. Bell		3171	16			
EXHIBITS						
TRIAL EXHIBITS	DEN	EVID	VOL.			

17	10	3164	16
61	78, pages 112 and 132	3135	16
62	88	3169	16
64	85	3103	16
66	91	3090	16
68	36	3073	16
68	39	3083	16
68	40	3085	16
68	48	3081	16
68	49	3084	16
68	53	3074	16
85	94	3160	16
95	00	3115	16
99	00	3077	16
10	692	3110	16
10	694	3110	16
10	708	3110	16
11	373	3117	16

1 Friday - December 1, 2023 9:08 a.m. 2 PROCEEDINGS ---000---3 (Proceedings were heard in the presence of the jury:) 4 THE CLERK: Calling Civil 20-5671, Epic Games, Inc. 5 vs. Google LLC, and Multidistrict Litigation 21-2981, In re 6 Google Play Store Antitrust Litigation. 7 MR. BORNSTEIN: Good morning, Your Honor. Gary 8 Bornstein for Epic Games. Today I have with me Ben Wiley, 9 Yonatan Even, Michael Zaken, Andrew Wiktor, Lauren Moskowitz, 10 11 and Tim Cameron. MR. POMERANTZ: Good morning, Your Honor. Glenn 12 Pomerantz on behalf of Google, and with me are Leigha Beckman, 13 Dane Shikman, Brian Smith, Michelle Park Chiu, Jonathan Kravis, 14 15 and Lauren Bell. **THE COURT:** Okay. Who do we have next? 16 MS. BELL: Your Honor, Google calls Carson Oliver. 17 THE COURT: All right. 18 (Pause in proceedings.) 19 20 THE CLERK: Raise your right hand. CARSON OLIVER, 21 called as a witness for the Defendant, having been duly sworn, 22 testified as follows: 23 THE WITNESS: I do. 24 25 THE CLERK: Thank you. Please be seated.

not show that Google Play and Google Play Billing are separate products. There was not sufficient evidence on this issue. In particular, Epic has not shown the developers demand a product by Google Play Billing that is separate from the Google Play Store.

On the element of coercion, Epic has failed to offer legally sufficient evidence of foreclosure because no developer is coerced into using Google Play Billing over an alternative monetization option, such as advertising or consumption-only distribution.

Those are our arguments, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Epic, I'm prepared to rule. If you want to say thing, you certainly can.

MR. BORNSTEIN: No, Your Honor, unless you're willing to entertain some argument on the Activision issue.

THE COURT: Well, maybe. We'll get to that.

But with respect to the Rule 50(a) motion, it's denied.

As I've mentioned on previous occasions, I have paid great attention to each and every word and document that has been propounded into evidence during the trial, as has the jury. I really have been watching them closely. They've been a superb jury; and knock on wood, we haven't anybody really yet except one person very early in the case with special circumstances before any evidence started.

I am completely satisfied that there is more than enough

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

evidence in the record for the jury to find in favor of plaintiff on each and every one of their claims; and so for that reason, the Rule 50(a) motion is denied. That is, of course, subject to renewal as warranted by circumstances under Rule 50(b) -- B, as in boy -- postverdict. That takes care of that. Let's go to the jury instructions. So let me hit a couple of highlights, then we're going to go through the individual ones in prompt fashion. I don't think it's going to take forever to get through it. So with respect to the ABK agreement, I've looked carefully, Mr. Bornstein, at the evidence that you gave to me the other day and the record as a whole, and I just cannot say that that agreement is, quote, "so plainly anticompetitive and so lacking in any redeeming value such that it can be conclusively presumed illegal and treated as a per se violation." And I'm quoting from Epic v. Apple, 67 F.4th 946-997. So it will be rule of reason. Okay. Now, with respect to permissive, the permissive inference, it is deeply troubling to me as a judicial officer of the United States, the record that I have seen by Google in this case with respect to the willful and intentionally suppression of relevant evidence. You-all recall that I concluded after a prior evidentiary

hearing with testimony from -- and other evidence from Google

and its employees, that Google had failed to preserve Chat evidence with the intent of preventing its use in this litigation and with the intent of depriving Epic of the use of that evidence. That's at Docket Number 469, page 18.

The evidence presented during trial most recently in the testimony of Google employee Loew, L-O-E-W, just an hour or two ago has strongly underscored this conclusion.

Google's witnesses at trial have testified about making intentional decisions not to preserve Chats with potentially relevant evidence. Google's witnesses have also -- and I'm referring here namely to in-house attorney Emily Garber -- have also testified or given disturbing testimony about the use of, quote, "fake privilege," close quote, claims with respect to internal Google documents and communications. As I said previously, I found Attorney Garber's effort to explain this away to be not credible and unpersuasive.

I have also noticed an unusually large number of documents, Google documents, labeled "Privileged and Confidential" by Google employees who prepared them. These documents, which I have looked at quite closely in the course of their presentation in evidence, these documents on their face have typically not included any indicia that the document was, in fact, prepared in connection with an attorney-client communication or with the goal of it soliciting attorney advice.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

You will recall that I asked, I think it was yesterday -was that Paul Gennai? -- yesterday I asked Google witness Paul Gennai about this very point. You will recall that he had labeled as privileged and confidential a document that he, himself, described as his own personal notes. This document lacked any indication that it was privileged in any way. And in response to my questions about his assertion of the privilege, he did not establish any basis whatsoever for a valid claim that these are privileged and confidential notes. Now, the result of all this, I invited Google's chief legal officer, Kent Walker, to come in and help me understand why all of this was happening and why these evidence games were so rampant at Google. I found his testimony, which was taken outside the presence of the jury, did not do anything to assuage my The testimony of Attorney Walker was evasive and was concerns. materially inconsistent with testimony given by Google's witnesses at the Chat hearing as described in Docket 469. All of this presents the most serious and disturbing evidence I have ever seen in my decade on the bench with respect to a party intentionally suppressing potentially relevant evidence in litigation. I have just never seen anything this egregious. And my concern, as every judge's concern would be, is

motivated by the fact that this conduct is a frontal assault on

the fair administration of justice. It undercuts due process and it calls into question the just resolution of legal disputes. It's antithetical to our system.

It also imposes tremendous taxes and costs, in terms of time and effort money, on opposing parties. Just getting through bogus privilege assertions alone takes forever.

Somebody has to look at those documents, they have to evaluate it, they have to make a claim, they have to fight about it, and then they have to come to the judge to get it resolved.

In addition to that, it imposes completely untenable costs on scarce federal judicial resources having to deal with all of this. There is nothing I would rather do than not deal with this, but you have forced me to do it because of this rampant and systemic culture of evidence suppression at Google.

Now, that's a long line of me saying I'm not going to give a mandatory instruction, and I'm going to tell you why. There is no doubt in my mind a mandatory inference would be amply warranted in this case given all the evidence we have.

However, I have concluded that the best course of action is for the jury itself to decide whether it will make an inference, and I am not going to constrain the jury's discretion by making that inference for them or making that decision for them. I believe that is most faithful to the right to a jury trial, the Seventh Amendment, and also the fair administration of justice.

So even though it would be well within bounds to issue a

1 mandatory inference instruction, I'm going to decline to do 2 that and take the more conservative approach of letting the jury decide for itself. 3 Another reason I'm going to do that is that I can pursue 4 these issues on my own outside of this trial in subsequent 5 proceedings, which I intend to do. I am going to get to the 6 bottom of who is responsible among outside counsel for allowing 7 this to happen. I'm going to get to the bottom of who is 8 responsible within Google for tolerating this culture 9 suppression. That's going to be separate and apart from 10 11 anything that happens here, but that day is coming. 12 So that's the basis for the permissive inference. Now, we've talked about the after market. You wanted to 13 add something, Mr. Bornstein? 14 MR. BORNSTEIN: I'm sorry, Your Honor. I didn't hear 15 what the question was? 16 17 THE COURT: We talked about after market, but you wanted to add something? 18 MR. BORNSTEIN: Oh, it was not about after market. 19 We 20 had a -- I absolutely heard the ruling that Your Honor just gave and have no intention of rearguing it --21 22 THE COURT: Oh, okay. 23 MR. BORNSTEIN: -- but we did have a proposal that we 24 had made to Google on this issue to pair with the permissive adverse inference instruction, and I'm going to cede the floor 25

THE CLERK: All rise. Court's in recess. (Proceedings adjourned at 3:54 p.m.) ---000---CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. DATE: Friday, December 1, 2023 Kelly Shainline, CSR No. 13476, RPR, CRR U.S. Court Reporter